State	e of	Minnesota		District Court		
	Co	unty	Judicial District:			
			Court File Number:			
			Case Type:	Juvenile		
In the	Ma	atter of the Welfare of the Child(ren)	of:			
		,		duling Order		
		Parent Legal Custoo	lian	6		
						
		Parent Legal Custod	lian			
		to Rule 6 of the Rules of Juvenile Pro or specific dates for the proceedings in		rder establishes the following		
1.	Discovery (Rule 17)					
		Inspection and copying of documents	or other tangible evidence	shall be completed by		
		·	C	1 7		
	B.		the parties shal			
		addresses of all persons intended to be		· ·		
		parties to inspect and copy such witne	esses' written or recorded s	statements, within the party's		
		knowledge, relating to the case.				
	C	D.,	the neutine deal	11 : double to the manage and		
	C.	By addresses of all persons intended to be	the parties shal			
		about which each expert is expected to	-			
		opinion to be offered.	J testify, and a summary of	The grounds for each		
		opinion to be offered.				
	D.	D. The following additional pretrial preparation and discovery is authorized and the repo				
		such discovery shall be completed and disclosed to the other parties by				
		:	1	<u> </u>		
		(i) physical examination of				
		(ii) psychological examination of		•		
		(iii) depositions of		·		
	E.	The parties shall disclose other inform	nation as required in Rule 1	<u>17</u> .		
2.		ase Plan (<u>Rule 37</u>)				
	A.	The case plan proposed by the respon				
		court and served upon the parties, or t		•		
		if any, by (if t	ne child is in out-of-home	placement, the out-of-home		
		placement plan must be filed and serv				
		in foster care or an order for protecti				
		agency, whichever is earliest; if the c services case plan must be filed and s				
		- SELVICES CASE DIGIL HIMSEDE DIEU ANA S	erveu ur me ume me penn	on is then whees the agency		

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	which may include exigent circumstances or the non-cooperation of the child's parents or guardian, and the court orders it filed at a later date). The court will review the proposed case plan and will approve or modify it not later than		
	C. The Court may modify the case plan if a parent or child files a Notice of to Modify Case Plan by	Motion and Motion	
3.	Pretrial Motions (Rule 15) A. All pretrial motions shall be filed and served by		
	B. A pretrial hearing on any such motions shall be held on	·	
4.	CHIPS Pretrial Hearing (Rule 36) A. A Pretrial Hearing shall be held on(before the date of the trial).	at least 10 days	
	B. The parties and their legal counsel shall come to the Pretrial Hearing pre whether a settlement of any or all issues has occurred or is possible, and set forth in Rule 36.02 .	-	
5.	CHIPS Trial (Rule 39) A. Trial in this matter shall begin on (must be common from the date of the Emergency Protective Care Hearing or the Admit/D whichever is earlier.)	enced within 60 days eny Hearing,	
	B. The trial shall not be continued or adjourned for more than one week unlithat the continuance or adjournment is in the best interests of the child (vithe trial should be over consecutive days).		
	C. The trial shall continue until completed; it is anticipated that at least court business days are necessary to complete the trial (testimony shall b 30 days from the date of commencement of the trial).	e concluded within	
	D. The trial shall be conducted pursuant to the procedure set forth in Rule 3	9.03.	
6.	Disposition Hearing (Rule 41) A. If the court adjudicates the child as is in need of protection or services, the hearing shall be held on (the same day as adjudent not later than 10 days after the court issues its adjudicatory findings	ication, if possible,	

includes in the petition an explanation of why it has not been possible to develop the plan,

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B. Pre-disposition reports, if any, shall be filed with the court and served upon the part								
	(at least 48 hours prior to the date of the disposition hearing).							
Dis	Disposition Review Hearings (Rule 41.06)							

A. If the child continues in out-of-home placement, an in-court hearing to review the disposition, including the child's needs, the services provided by the agency, and the parent's progress on the case plan, shall be held at least every 90 days from the date of disposition to the date of the permanency hearing (at least every 90 days from the date of disposition to the date of the permanency hearing).

B.	If the child is returned to the care of the parent(s) under protective supervision, an in-court			
	hearing to review the disposition, including the child's needs, the services provided by the			
	agency, and the parent's progress on the case plan, shall be held at least every 6 months from			
	the date of disposition to the date of the permanency hearing, including the following date			
	and (at least every 6 months from the			
	date of disposition to the date of the permanency hearing).			

C. Any party may request a disposition review hearing before the 90 days.

8. Permanency Progress Review Hearing (Minn. Stat. 260C.204)

7.

- A. If the child, regardless of age, continues in placement out of the home of the parent or guardian from whom the child was removed, the court shall conduct a Permanent Placement Progress Review Hearing no later than ______ (within 6 months of the date of the child's court ordered out-of-home placement), unless the child is returned home or unless a petition to terminate parental rights or other permanency petition has been filed.
- B. The purpose of the Permanency Progress Review Hearing shall be to review:
 - (1) the parent's progress on the case plan or out-of-home placement plan, whichever is applicable;
 - (2) the agency's reasonable, or in the case of an Indian child, active efforts for reunification and its provision of services;
 - (3) the agency's reasonable efforts to finalize the permanent plan for the child under Minn. Stat. § 260.012(e), and to make a placement as required under Minn. Stat. § 260C.212, subd. 2, in a home that will commit to being the legally permanent family for the child in the event the child cannot return home according to the timelines in this section; and
 - (4) in the case of an Indian child, active efforts to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and to make a placement according to the placement preferences under 25 U.S.C. ch. 21, § 1915.

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9.	Permanency Petition (Minn. Stat. § 260C.505)		
	A. Unless the child is returned home from the care of the noncustodial parent or foster parent, a termination of parental rights petition or permanency petition shall be filed with the court an served upon the parties by the county attorney on or before (no later than 11 months from the date of the child's court-ordered out-of-home placement).		
	B. A petition is not required if the agency intends to recommend that the child return to the care of the parent from whom the child was removed at or prior to the time the court is required to hold the admit-deny hearing on the permanency petition.		
10.	Permanency Hearing – Admit/Deny Hearing on TPR or Permanency Petition (Minn. Stat. § 260C.507)		
	An admit-deny hearing on any permanency or termination of parental rights petition shall be hel on (not later than 12 months from the date of the order placin the child in foster care or in the care of a noncustodial or nonresident parent).		
11.	TPR or Permanency Pre-Trial Hearing (Rule 36)		
	A. If a denial to the TPR or Permanency Petition is entered, a Pretrial Hearing regarding the TPR or Permanency Petition shall be held on (at least 10 days before the date of the trial on the permanency petition).		
	B. The parties and their legal counsel shall come to the Pretrial Hearing prepared to determine whether a settlement of any or all issues has occurred or is possible, and to discuss the issues set forth in Rule 36.02 .		
12.	TPR or Permanency Trial (Minn. Stat. § 260C.509) A. If a denial to the TPR or Permanency Petition is entered, a Trial regarding the TPR or Permanency Petition shall be commenced on (within 60 days of the Admit/Deny Hearing).		
	B. The trial shall not be continued or adjourned for more than one week unless the court finds that the continuance or adjournment is in the best interests of the child (<i>whenever</i> , <i>possible</i> the trial should be over consecutive days).		
	C. The trial shall continue until completed; it is anticipated that at least court business days are necessary to complete the trial (testimony shall be concluded within 30 days from the date of commencement of the trial).		
	D. The trial shall be conducted pursuant to the procedure set forth in Rule 39.03.		

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13.	Other Provisions:				
14.	Amendment of Scheduling Order This Order is subject to revision as necessary to serve the best interests of the child and the interests of justice, so long as the permanency timelines are not delayed.				
IT IS	IS SO ORDERED.				
Date:	te: By The	Court:			
	District 0	Court Judge			

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